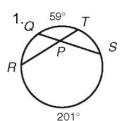
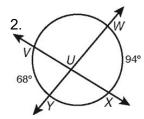
15-5 Angle Relationships in Circles

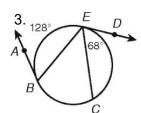
For each figure, determine the measure of the angle by applying the Intersecting Chords **Angle Measure Theorem.**

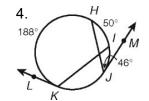




$$m\angle YUV = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

For each figure, determine the measures of the indicated angle and arc by applying the **Tangent-Secant Interior Angle Measure Theorem.**

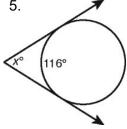


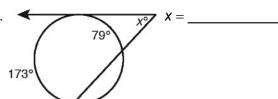


$$m\widehat{IJ} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

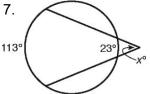
For each figure, determine the value of x by applying the Tangent-Secant Exterior Angle Measure Theorem.

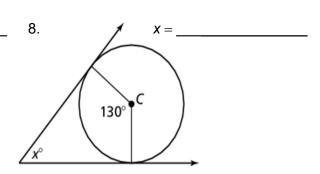
5.



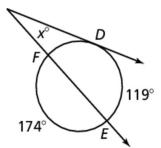


7.

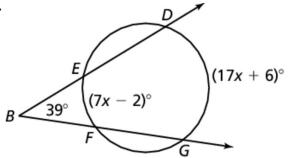


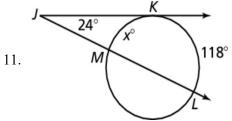


In Exercises 9–16, find the value of x.

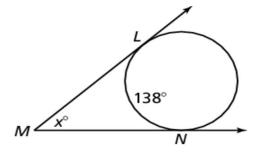


10.

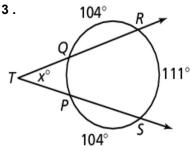




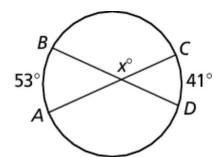
12.



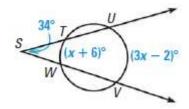
13.



14.



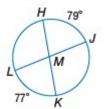
15.



Find each measure.

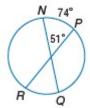
16.

 $m \angle JMK$



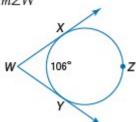
17.

 $m\widehat{RQ}$



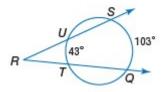
18.

 $m \angle W$



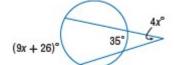
19.

 $m\angle R$

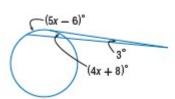


Find the value of x.

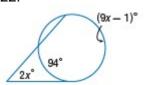
20.



21.



22.



23. A satellite orbits above Earth's equator. Find x, the measure of the Earth's arc, that is visible to the satellite.

