Properties of Rectangles, Rhombuses, and Squares LESSON 9-3 Practice and Problem Solving: A/B

Tell whether each figure is a parallelogram, rectangle, rhombus, or square based on the information given. Use the most specific name possible.



A modern artist's sculpture has rectangular faces. The face shown here is 9 feet long and 4 feet wide. Find each measure in simplest radical form. (Hint: Use the Pythagorean Theorem.)





In Exercises 13 and 14, find the lengths of the diagonals of rectangle JKLM.

14. JL = 2x - 6**13.** JL = 3x + 4KM = 4x - 1 $KM = \frac{3}{2}x + 1$

B

Class

In Exercises 15–19, the diagonals of rhombus *ABCD* intersect at *E*. Given that $m\angle EAD = 67^{\circ}$, CE = 5, and DE = 12, find the indicated measure.

- **15.** *m∠AED*
- **16.** *m∠ADE*
- **17.** *m∠BAE*
- **18.** *AE*
- **19.** *BE*



Given rhombus ABCD, find the measure of the indicated angle in degrees.

20. $m \angle A = 119^\circ$. Find $m \angle B$.

Find the length of the diagonals of rectangle *QRST* given the following information.

- **21.** QS = 4x + 6, RT = 6x 4
- **22.** QS = 9x + 12, RT = 11x 10

Find the measures of the numbered angles in each rhombus.





25. $\begin{array}{c} A \\ 20^{\circ} \\ D \end{array}$



In Exercises 27 – 30, find the lengths of the diagonals of rectangle WXYZ.

27.	WY = 6x - 7	28. $WY = 14x + 10$
	XZ = 3x + 2	XZ = 11x + 22

29.
$$WY = 24x - 8$$

 $XZ = -18x + 13$ **30.** $WY = 16x + 2$
 $XZ = 36x - 6$

In Exercises 31–36, the diagonals of rhombus *ABCD* intersect at *E*. Given that $m \angle BAC = 53^\circ$, DE = 8, and EC = 6, find the indicated measure.

31. <i>m∠DAC</i>	32. <i>m∠AED</i>	A B
33. <i>m</i> ∠ADC	34. DB	8 5 6
35. AE	36. AC	

37. Use rhombus XYZW with $m \angle WYZ = 53^{\circ}, VW = 3, XV = 2a - 2$, and $ZV = \frac{5a + 1}{4}$ A. Find $m \angle YZV$



B. Find *m∠XYW*

C. Find XZ

D. Find XW