

Warm up Problems

$$1. \int_1^2 \frac{t}{1 + 3t^2} dt$$

$$2. \int \frac{\sin \sqrt{y}}{\sqrt{y}} dy$$

$$3. \int \tan x dx$$

Integration by Parts

To find our formula, we use the product rule (don't write this down):

$$\int d(u \cdot v) = \int u \, dv + \int v \, du$$

$$uv = \underbrace{\int u \, dv}_{\text{ }} + \int v \, du$$

$$\boxed{\int u \, dv = uv - \int v \, du}$$

- We pick u and dv
- After using formula, you still have x 's

$$\text{Ex. } \int x \cos x \, dx = x \sin x - \int \sin x \, dx$$
$$\int u \, dv = uv - \int v \, du$$

$$\boxed{\begin{array}{ll} u = x & dv = \cos x \, dx \\ du = dx & v = \sin x \end{array}}$$

$$= x \sin x - (-\cos x) + C$$

When picking u , go in LIATE order:

Logarithm

Inverse Trigonometric

Algebraic (Polynomial)

$x \leftarrow u$

Trigonometric

~~$\cos x$~~

Exponent

Ex. $\int x \sec^2 x dx$

$$\begin{array}{ll} u = x & dv = \sec^2 x dx \\ du = dx & v = \tan x \end{array}$$

$$= x \tan x - \int \tan x dx$$

$$= x \tan x - \ln |\sec x| + C$$

L
I
A
T
E

$$uv - \int v du$$

Ex. $\int x^2 e^x dx$

$$\begin{array}{l} u = x^2 \quad dv = e^x dx \\ du = 2x dx \quad v = e^x \end{array}$$

$$= x^2 e^x - \int 2x e^x dx$$

$$\begin{array}{l} u = 2x \quad dv = e^x dx \\ du = 2 dx \quad v = e^x \end{array}$$

$$= x^2 e^x - \left[2x e^x - \int e^x \cdot 2 dx \right]$$

$$= x^2 e^x - 2x e^x + 2 e^x + C$$

$$1. \int xe^{-x} dx$$

$$-xe^{-x} - e^{-x} + c$$

$$2. \int x \ln x dx$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x^2 \ln x - \frac{1}{4}x^2 + c$$

$$3. \int x^2 \sin x dx$$

$$-x^2 \cos x + 2x \sin x + 2 \cos x + c$$

$$4. \int x \cos(3x) dx$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x \sin(3x) + \frac{1}{9}\cos(3x) + c$$

Ex. $\int \ln x dx$

$$\begin{aligned} u &= \ln x & dv &= 1 dx \\ du &= \frac{1}{x} dx & v &= x \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= x \ln x - \int x \cdot \frac{1}{x} dx \\ &= x \ln x - \int 1 dx \end{aligned}$$

$$\int \ln x dx = x \ln x - x + C$$

T-shirt design ideas are due next class.